WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A dye image receiver sheet comprising a dye-receiving layer comprising a cross-linked copolymer of polyester and a lubricator polymer, wherein said polyester component of said cross-linked copolymer is present in an amount of between 75% and 99% by weight.
- 2. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said lubricator polymer comprises polyurethane.
- 3. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said polyester comprises condensation polyesters based upon recurring units derived from alicyclic dibase acids and diols.
- 4. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said polyester comprises greater than 90% by weight of said crosslinked copolymer.
- 5. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said dye receiver sheet comprises a thermal transfer dye receiver sheet.
- 6. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said dye receiver has a Tg of between 42 and 62 °C.
- 7. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said dye receiver has a Tg of about 52°C.
- 8. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said crosslinked copolymer is formed from a water dispersion.

- 9. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said crosslinked copolymer forms a surface layer of said dye receiver sheet that has a surface energy of between 40 and 48 dynes/cm².
- 10. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said crosslinked copolymer has a percentage of crosslinking between 50% and 85%.
- 11. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said crosslinked polymer was crosslinked utilizing trimethylolpropane tris (2-methyl-1-aziridine propionate) in amount of between 0.20 and 0.85 weight % of the crosslinked polymer.
- 12. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said crosslinked polymer forms a surface layer of said dye receiver sheet and has a scratch resistance of between 0.1 and 1.0 mN.
- 13. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said sheet has an antistat present in the crosslinked polymer which forms the surface layer of said dye receiver.
- 14. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said sheet comprises an oriented polymer.
- 15. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said sheet comprises an adhesion promoting layer located adjacent said dye-receiving layer.
- 16. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said sheet comprises a pressure-sensitive adhesive.
- 17. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said sheet comprises an oriented polymer adhesively adhered to cellulose paper.

- 18. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said dye receiver layer further comprises a plasticizer.
- 19. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said dye receiver layer is substantially free of waxes and fluoropolymers.
- 20. The dye receiver sheet of claim 1 wherein said dye receiver layer is capable of forming a thermal image that has a maximum cyan, magenta, and yellow formed black density of greater than 1.5.
- 21. The dye receiver layer of claim 1 wherein said dye receiver layer has a roughness average less than 3.0 micrometers.
- 22. The method of forming a dye receiver sheet comprising providing an aqueous dispersion of a copolymer of polyester and a lubricator polymer, bringing said aqueous dispersion into contact with a gravure coating roll, coating said aqueous dispersion onto a substrate, drying said aqueous dispersion to form a dye receiver layer.
- 23. The method of claim 22 wherein said aqueous dispersion of copolymer has between 10 and 30% solids by weight.
- 24. The method of claim 22 wherein said aqueous dispersion is heated during drying to aid crosslinking.
- 25. The method of claim 22 wherein said dye receiver is wound after drying to less than 1% water by weight in said dry receiver layer.
- 26. The method of claim 22 wherein said aqueous dispersion further comprises alcohol.

- 25. The method of claim 22 wherein said dye receiver has a Tg of between 42 and 62°C.
- 26. The method of claim 22 wherein said dye receiver layer comprises a copolymer of polyester and polyurethane.
- 27. The method of claim 22 further comprising a crosslinked dye receiver layer wherein dye receiver layer was crosslinked utilizing trimethylolpropane tris (2-methyl-1-aziridine propionate) in amount of between 0.20 and 0.85 weight % of the crosslinked polymer.
- 28. The method of claim 22 wherein said sheet comprises a pressure-sensitive adhesive.
- 29. The method of claim 22 wherein wherein said dye receiver layer further comprises a plasticizer.
- 30. An imaged dye receiver sheet comprising a dye image receiver sheet comprising a dye-receiving layer comprising a crosslinked copolymer of polyester and a lubricator polymer, wherein said polyester component of said crosslinked co polymer is present in an amount of between 75% and 99% by weight having a thermal image thereon, wherein said thermal image has a maximum cyan, magenta, and yellow formed black density of greater than 1.5.
- 31. The imaged dye receiver sheet of claim 30 wherein said lubricator polymer comprises polyurethane.
- 32. The imaged dye receiver sheet of claim 30 wherein said dye receiver has a Tg between 42 and 62 degrees C.

33. The imaged dye receiver sheet of claim 30 wherein said crosslinked copolymer is formed from a water dispersion.